

The Telecommunications Excise Tax is imposed upon the act or privilege of originating or receiving intrastate or interstate telecommunications in Illinois at the rate of 7% of the gross charges for such telecommunications purchased at retail from retailers. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 495. (This is a GIL).

July 13, 1999

Dear Mr. Xxxxx:

This letter is in response to your letter dated May 26, 1999. The nature of your letter and the information you have provided require that we respond with a General Information Letter, which is designed to provide general information, is not a statement of Department policy and is not binding on the Department. See 2 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.120(b) and (c), enclosed.

In your letter, you have stated and made inquiry as follows:

I am writing this memo on advice of Marvin Jackson, at IDOR.

My company, a tax software company, is in the midst of putting together a massive 'Telecommunications' applicable and non-applicable tax database. As such, we are conducting very serious and thorough research on a myriad of Telecommunication Services, Taxes, Surcharges and idiosyncratic issues.

One of the issues that recently arose, is the following: I understand that Telecommunications per se is subject to the Infra. Maint. Fee. However, I would like to know: (A) Is this tax levied upon ISP's (Internet Service Providers) such as AOL or similar?, and assuming it is not, which seems to be the overwhelmingly popular opinion throughout most states I have encountered, then (B) Would a company such as COMPANY, which is a hybrid, made up of both a telecommunications company and an ISP, deduct the revenues earned from the 'internet service' end of the business, or would it drop 'all' revenues into one big pot and take a percentage of the total profits earned

Being a tax software company, I am sure you can appreciate how imperative it is that we acquire the respective documentation supporting this.

The Telecommunications Excise Tax is imposed upon the act or privilege of originating or receiving intrastate or interstate telecommunications in Illinois at the rate of 7% of the gross charges for such telecommunications purchased at retail from retailers. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 495, enclosed.

Pursuant to Section 495.100(a), "gross charge" means the amount paid for the act or privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications in this State and

for all services and equipment provided in connection therewith by a retailer, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, including cash credits, services and property of every kind or nature, and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of such telecommunications, the cost of material used, labor or service cost or any other expense whatsoever.

Generally, persons that provide subscribers access to the Internet and who do not, as part of that service, charge customers for the line or other transmission charges which are used to obtain access to the Internet, are not considered to be telecommunications retailers. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 495.100(d).

It is our general understanding that most Internet access providers do not, as part of their billing, charge customers for such line charges, but instead, pay to their telecommunications providers all transmission costs that they incur in providing the service. Generally, the customers pay to their providers all transmission costs that they incur while using the service. The single monthly fee charged by such retailers, which often represents a flat charge for a package of items including Internet access, E-mail, and electronic newsletters would generally not be subject to the Telecommunications Excise Tax.

However, please note that persons providing customers with the Internet access described above, but who also provide customers the use of 1-800 service, and separately assess customers with per minute charges for the use of such 1-800 numbers, are considered to be telecommunications retailers. Such retailers will incur Telecommunications Excise Tax on charges made for such 1-800 services. If, however, such Internet service providers do not separately assess customers with per minute charges, but pay their own providers for all transmission costs for the 1-800 service, they are not considered to be telecommunications retailers.

If Internet access service providers provide both transmission and data processing services, the charges for each must be disaggregated and separately identified. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 495.100(c), enclosed. The statute does not require disaggregation on the customers' invoice, however. Therefore, it is the Department's position that so long as the non-telecommunications charges are disaggregated from the telecommunications charges in the retailers' books and records, for audit purposes, such disaggregation need not be shown on the customers' invoice. If the non-telecommunications charges are not disaggregated from the telecommunications charges, the full amount will be subject to Telecommunications Excise Tax. If none of the charges billed were for telecommunications, then none of the charges would be subject to tax.

If you do not charge your customers for telecommunications, but merely assess an access charge for an on-line news service, Telecommunications Excise Tax would not be incurred. However, if you also charge your customers for telecommunications, you will need to disaggregate the access charges from the telecommunications in your books and records. You would then remit Telecommunications Excise Tax based upon the gross charges for the telecommunications you sell. If you do not disaggregate the access charges from the telecommunications charges, Telecommunications Excise Tax is incurred on the entire amount.

Effective January 1, 1998, the Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act (Act) (35 ILCS 635/1 et seq.) provides for the imposition of various fees upon telecommunications retailers.

Section 15 of the Act imposes a State infrastructure maintenance fee upon telecommunications retailers, as that term is defined in 35 ILCS 635/10, "equal to 0.5% of all gross charges charged by the telecommunications retailer to service addresses in this State for telecommunications, other than wireless telecommunications, originating or received in this State." (35 ILCS 635/15(b).) Section 15 also provides for an optional infrastructure maintenance fee which telecommunications retailers may pay "with respect to the gross charges charged by the telecommunications retailer to service addresses in a particular municipality for telecommunications, other than wireless telecommunications, originating or received in the municipality...." (35 ILCS 635/15(c).) These fees are collected, enforced and administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue. (35 ILCS 635/25(b))

Section 20 of the Act provides that municipalities may impose a municipal infrastructure maintenance fee upon telecommunications retailers. This fee is based upon gross charges charged by the telecommunications retailers to service addresses in the municipality for telecommunications originating or received in the municipality. This fee is collected, enforced, and administered by the municipality imposing the fee. (35 ILCS 635/25(c).)

Illinois municipalities are also authorized to impose a municipal telecommunications tax. (See 65 ILCS 5/8-11-17.) The tax is imposed on the act or privilege of originating in such municipality or receiving in such municipality intrastate or interstate telecommunications by a person at a rate not to exceed 5% of the gross charges for such telecommunications purchased at retail by such person. (See 65 ILCS 5/8-11-17(a)(1) and 65 ILCS 5/8-11-17(a)(2).) This tax may only be imposed if the municipality does not have in effect an occupation tax imposed on persons engaged in the business of transmitting messages by means of electricity as authorized by Section 8-11-2 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-2) of the Illinois Municipal Code. The municipality imposing the tax provides for its administration and enforcement, not the Illinois Department of Revenue. Therefore, questions regarding this tax should be addressed to the individual municipalities imposing it. There is no equivalent statute for county governments.

In addition, the Emergency Telephone System Act provides that "[t]he corporate authorities of any municipality or any county may, subject to the limitations of subsections (c), (d), and (h), and in addition to any tax levied pursuant to Section 8-11-2 of the Illinois Municipal Code, impose a monthly surcharge on billed subscribers of network connection provided by telecommunication carriers engaged in the business of transmitting messages by means of electricity originating within the corporate limits of the municipality or county imposing the surcharge at a rate per network connection determined in accordance with subsection (c)." (See 50 ILCS 750/15.3(a) and (c).) "The surcharge authorized by this Section shall be collected from the subscriber by

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the telecommunications carrier providing the subscriber the network connection as a separately stated item on the subscriber's bill." (50 ILCS 750/15.3(f).) This surcharge is paid to the municipality, county or Joint Emergency Telephone System Board. (See 50 ILCS 750/15.3(g).) Questions regarding the surcharge should be addressed to the municipality or county imposing it.

In regards to monthly service charges, please note that the term "gross charges" is defined at 35 ILCS 630/2(a), and includes the amount paid for the act or privilege of originating or receiving telecommunication in Illinois and for all services and equipment provided in connection therewith by a retailer. See the enclosed copy of 86 Ill. Adm. Code 495.100. Access charges and monthly service fees are generally fully included in gross charges subject to the Telecommunications Excise Tax. They are not subject to the Retailers' Occupation Tax. That tax, as you know, applies only to the sale of tangible personal property at retail.

I hope this information is helpful. The Department of Revenue maintains a Web site, which can be accessed at www.revenue.state.il.us. If you have further questions related to the Illinois sales tax laws, please contact the Department's Taxpayer Information Division at (217) 782-3336.

If you are not under audit and you wish to obtain a binding Private Letter Ruling regarding your factual situation, please submit all of the information set out in items 1 through 8 of the enclosed copy of Section 1200.110(b).

Very truly yours,

Melanie A. Jarvis
Associate Counsel

MAJ:msk

Enc.